SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Sulfuric acid

Product Number : 339741 Brand : Aldrich

Index-No. : 016-020-00-8 CAS-No. : 7664-93-9

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Consolidated Chemical & Solvents, LLC

405 Business Park Lane Allentown, PA 18109

Telephone : 484-460-2644

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : +1-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Corrosive to metals (Category 1), H290 Skin corrosion (Category 1A), H314 Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram

(I)

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statement(s)	
P234	Keep only in original container.
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P301 + P330 + P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304 + P340 + P310	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P305 + P351 + P338 +	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
P310	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P390	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
P405	Store locked up.
P406	Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.
P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Formula : H₂O₄S

Molecular weight : 98.08 g/mol
CAS-No. : 7664-93-9
EC-No. : 231-639-5
Index-No. : 016-020-00-8

Component	Classification	Concentration
Sulfuric acid		
	Met. Corr. 1; Skin Corr. 1A; Eye Dam. 1; H290, H314, H318 Concentration limits: >= 1 %: Met. Corr. 1, H290;	<= 100 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Sulphur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

No data available

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Storage class (TRGS 510): 8B: Non-combustible, corrosive hazardous materials

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control	Basis
			parameters	
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit
				Values (TLV)
		TWA	1 mg/m3	USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits
				for Air Contaminants -
				1910.1000
		TWA	1 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure
				Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1
				Limits for Air Contaminants

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Delived No Ellect Level (DNEL)				
Application Area	Exposure routes	Health effect	Value	
Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	0.1 mg/m3	
Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	0.05 mg/m3	

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

	···/
Compartment	Value
Marine water	0.00025 mg/l
Fresh water	0.0025 mg/l
Marine sediment	0.002 mg/kg
Fresh water sediment	0.002 mg/kg
Onsite sewage treatment plant	8.8 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Faceshield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Full contact

Material: Fluorinated rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Vitoject® (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.2 mm Break through time: 30 min

Material tested: Dermatril® P (KCL 743 / Aldrich Z677388, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail

sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance Form: clear, liquidb) Odour No data availablec) Odour Threshold No data available

d) pH 1.2 at 5 g/l

e) Melting 3 °C (37 °F) point/freezing point

f) Initial boiling point 290 °C 554 °F - lit. and boiling range

g) Flash point ()Not applicableh) Evaporation rate No data available

i) Flammability (solid, No data available gas)

j) Upper/lower No data available flammability or explosive limits

k) Vapour pressure 1.33 hPa at 145.8 °C (294.4 °F)

I) Vapour density 3.39 - (Air = 1.0)

m) Relative density 1.84 g/cm3 at 25 °C (77 °F)

n) Water solubility soluble

o) Partition coefficient: No data available

n-octanol/water

p) Auto-ignition No data available temperature

q) Decomposition No data available temperature

r) Viscosity No data available s) Explosive properties No data available

t) Oxidizing properties No data available

9.2 Other safety information

Surface tension 55.1 mN/m at 20 °C (68 °F)

Relative vapour 3.39 - (Air = 1.0)

density

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Bases, Halides, Organic materials, Carbides, fulminates, Nitrates, picrates, Cyanides, Chlorates, alkali halides, Zinc salts, permanganates, for example potassium permanganate, Hydrogen peroxide, Azides, Perchlorates., Nitromethane, phosphorous, Reacts violently

with:, cyclopentadiene, cyclopentanone oxime, nitroaryl amines, hexalithium disilicide, phosphorous(III) oxide, Powdered metalsStrong oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Sulphur oxides Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 2,140 mg/kg

Remarks: (ECHA)

LC50 Inhalation - Mouse - male and female - 4 h - 0.85 mg/l

(OECD Test Guideline 403)

Inhalation: Corrosive to respiratory system.

Dermal: No data available

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue.

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Ames test

Salmonella typhimurium

Result: negative

(HSDB)

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

Additional Information

RTECS: WS5600000

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Pulmonary edema. Effects may be delayed.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

After inhalation of aerosols: damage to the affected mucous membranes. After skin contact: severe burns with formation of scabs. After eye contact: burns, corneal lesions.

After swallowing: severe pain (risk of perforation!), nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

After a latency period of several weeks possibly pyloric stenosis.

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish static test LC50 - Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) - > 16 - <

28 mg/l - 96 h Remarks: (ECHA)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 100 mg/l - 48 h

(OECD Test Guideline 202)

Toxicity to algae static test ErC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) - > 100

mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Other adverse effects

Biological effects:

Harmful effect due to pH shift.

Caustic even in diluted form.

Does not cause biological oxygen deficit.

Endangers drinking-water supplies if allowed to enter soil and/or waters in large quantities.

Neutralisation possible in waste water treatment plants. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)

UN number: 1830 Class: 8 Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Sulfuric acid Reportable Quantity (RQ): 1000 lbs Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

IMDG

UN number: 1830 Class: 8 Packing group: II EMS-No: F-A, S-B

Proper shipping name: SULPHURIC ACID

IATA

UN number: 1830 Class: 8 Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Sulphuric acid

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

SARA 302 Components

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 302:

Colford Juz.

Sulfuric acid CAS-No. Revision Date 7664-93-9 2007-07-01

SARA 313 Components

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Sulfuric acid CAS-No. Revision Date 2007-07-01

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Sulfuric acid	CAS-No. 7664-93-9	Revision Date 2007-07-01
Sulfuric acid	CAS-No. 7664-93-9	Revision Date 2007-07-01
New Jersey Right To Know Components Sulfuric acid	CAS-No. 7664-93-9	Revision Date 2007-07-01

California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

SECTION 16: Other information

Further information

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. CCS, LLC and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.